



DIGAM[®]

L SERIES

Digital Audio Amplifier
for Professional Applications

User Manual

V 1.5 (24/09/2007)

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Important safety instructions



CAUTION: To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not remove the cover. No user-serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel.

KEEP THIS INSTRUCTIONS

SAFEGUARDS: Electrical energy can perform many useful functions. This unit has been engineered and manufactured to assure your personal safety. Improper use can result in potential electrical shock or fire hazards. In order not to defeat the safeguards, observe the following instructions for its installation, use and servicing.

NOTES: This equipment has been tested and found to comply by Competent Body (Directive 89/336/EEC-EMC) pursuant to the product family standard for audio professional use: EN 55103-1 and EN 55103-2 standard); EN61000- 3 - 2, EN 61000 - 3 - 3.

This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interferences in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply by Notified Body (Directive 73/23/EEC L.V) pursuant to the audio apparatus safety requirements: Standard EN 60065.

Warning notices

Location



Install the amplifier in a well-ventilated location where it will not be exposed to high temperature or humidity. Do not install the amplifier in a location that is exposed to direct rays of the sun, or near to hot appliances or radiators. Excessive heat can adversely affect the cabinet and internal components. Installation of the amplifier in a damp or dusty environment may result in malfunction or accident.

Precautions regarding installation:

Placing and using the amplifier for long periods on heat-generation sources will affect performances. Avoid placing the amplifier on heat-generating sources. Install this amplifier as far as possible from tuners and TV sets. An amplifier installed in close proximity to such equipment may cause noise or degradation of the picture.

WARNING: To prevent fire or electric shock

- The ventilation openings must not be impeded by any items as newspapers, table-clothes, curtains etc; keep a distance of at least 50cm from the front and rear ventilation openings of the amplifier.
- do not expose this equipment to rain or moisture.
- Apparatus shall not be exposed to dripping or splashing and no objects filled with liquids, such as vases, shall be placed on the apparatus".

Safety rules

This device must be powered exclusively by earth connected mains sockets in electrical networks compliant to the IEC 364 or similar rules.

Is absolutely necessary to verify this fundamental requirement of safety and, in case of doubt, require an accurate check by a qualified personnel.

The constructor cannot be considered responsible for eventual damages caused to persons, things or data for the missing of accurate earth link.

- Before powering this device verify that the amplifier is supplied with the correct voltage rating.
- Verify that your mains connection is capable to satisfy the power ratings of the device.
- Do not spill water or other liquids into or on the unit.
- Do not use this unit if the electrical power cord is frayed or broken.
- Do not remove the cover. Removing the cover will expose you to potentially dangerous voltage.
- No naked flame sources such like lighted candles should be placed on the amplifier
- Provide sectioning breaker between mains connections and apparatus. Suggested device is 10A/250Vac (230Vac mains voltage) or 16A/250Vac (110Vac mains voltage), C or D curve, 10KA.

Contact the authorized center for ordinary and extraordinary maintenance.

Speaker damage

The DIGAM series amplifiers are among the most powerful professional amplifiers available and are capable of producing much more power than many loudspeakers can handle. It is the user's responsibility to use suitable speakers with the amplifier and to use them in a sensible way that will not cause damage.

Powersoft will not be responsible for damaged speakers. Consult the speaker manufacturer for power-handling recommendations.

Even if you reduce the gain using the amplifier's front panel attenuation controls, it is still possible to reach full output power if the input signal level is high enough.

A single high-power crescendo can damage high-frequency drivers almost instantaneously, while low-frequency drivers can usually withstand very high, continuous power levels for a few seconds before they fail. Reduce power immediately if you hear any speaker "bottoming out" - harsh pops or cracking distortion that indicate that the speaker voice coil or diaphragm is striking the magnet assembly.

Powersoft recommends that you use amplifiers of this power range for more headroom (cleaner sound) rather than for increased volume.

Speaker output shock hazard

A DIGAM amplifier is capable of producing hazardous output voltages. To avoid electrical shock, do not touch any exposed speaker wiring while the amplifier is operating.

This manual contains important information on operating your DIGAM amplifier correctly and safely. Please read it carefully before operating your amplifier. If you have any questions, contact your Powersoft dealer.

1 Introduction

Powersoft is a leading company in the field of high efficiency audio power management. The totally new Powersoft's DIGAM (DIGital AMplifier) technology has changed the way the world looks at professional audio amplification. No other amplifiers come close for applications demanding high power and long term reliability. Thanks to amazing reductions in heat output along with reductions in weight and the specific high output power, DIGAM amplifiers can be used in an unlimited range of applications such as concert touring, opera houses, theatres, churches, cinema, theme parks, television sound stages and industrial applications.

More sound and less weight

Compared to a conventional amplifier, Powersoft DIGAM technology offers very high efficiency and delivers more power to the loudspeakers with much reduced heat dissipation. This greater efficiency enables dimensions, weight and power consumption to be reduced. The output stages of the amplifiers typically run at 95% efficiency, dissipating only 5% of the input energy as heat.

One of the most interesting characteristics is that DIGAM's efficiency is almost independent of output level. Conventional amplifiers achieve their best efficiency only at full rated power output. Since standard music has an average power density of 40% of the maximum level, conventional amplifiers can easily generate 10 times more heat than DIGAM for the same volume of sound.

Superior Sound-Sonic Accuracy

Crystal-clear highs, and a tight, well-defined low end: the most accurate reproduction of an audio signal. Patented design features ensure very high performance in parameters such as distortion, frequency response, slew rate, power bandwidth and dumping factor.

Totally Digital with High Reliability

The DIGAM series is based on PWM technology that has been used for 30 years or more in power supplies and inverters. PWM provides high reliability, small size, low weight and high efficiency. A PWM converter works as a high frequency sampler, converting the variable amplitude (audio) signal into an impulse sequence with average value equal to the audio input.

DIGAM amplifiers use very high sampling frequencies to obtain high performances across the audio band. Powersoft holds several patents on the DIGAM technology.

The L Series

The more important characteristics of the L series are the compact dimensions, the light weight and the ease of use. Moreover for the L series amplifiers are upgradable with DSP and remote control.

The Show Always Goes On

DIGAM Series is completely protected against every possible error in operation and is designed to work under every condition. It gives you maximum power with maximum safety and increases long-term reliability. Anticipating potential problems at the design stage means your show always goes on!

1 Installation and operation

1.1 Unpacking

Carefully open the shipping carton and check for any noticeable damage; the figure below shows the view of the packing. Every Powersoft amplifier is completely tested and inspected before leaving the factory and should arrive in perfect condition. If you find any damage, notify the shipping company immediately. Be sure to save the carton and all packing materials for the carrier's inspection.

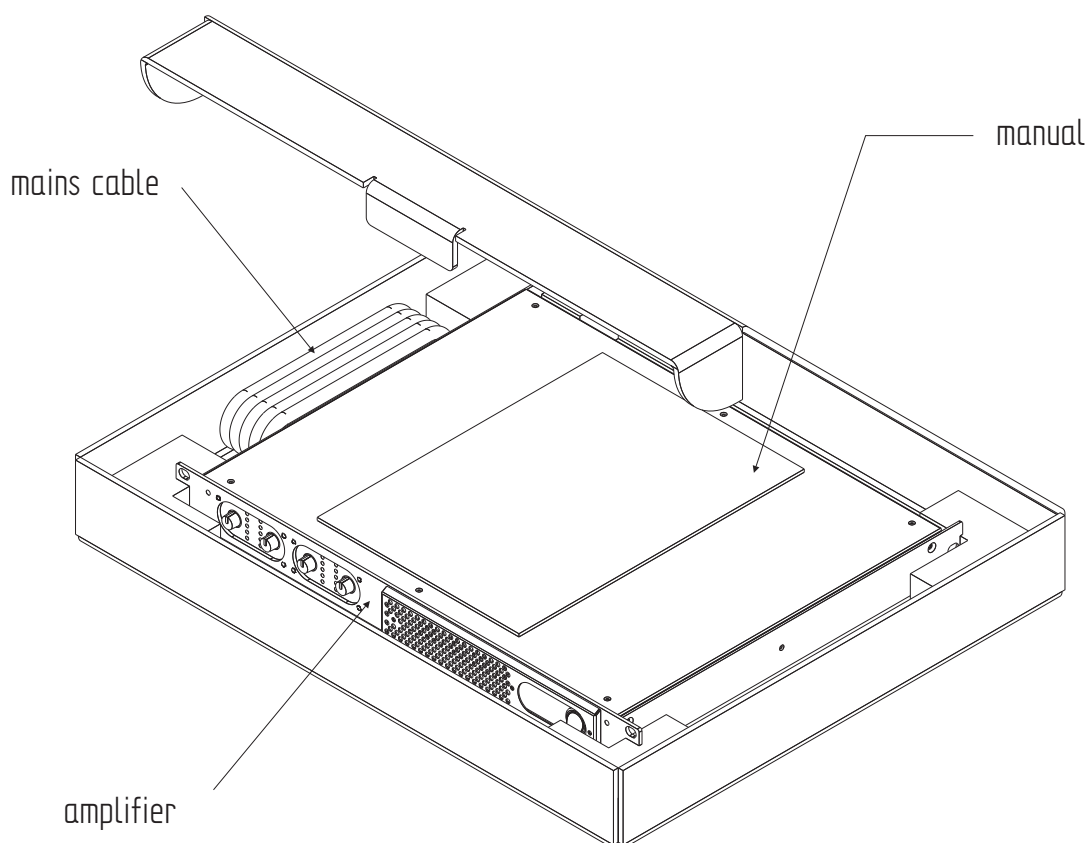


figure 1.1

1.2 Mounting

All DIGAM amplifiers are prewired for the standard 19" rack mounting; there are four front panel holes and two rear lateral holes. The amplifiers must be fixed into rack in both sides, back and frontal, to avoid mechanical damages. Your DIGAM amplifier uses a forced-air cooling system to maintain a low, even operating temperature. Drawn by an internal fan, air enters through the slots in the front panel and courses over and through components. The DIGAM series amplifiers feature an "intelligent" variable-speed DC fan which is controlled by heat sink temperature sensing circuits: the fan speed will increase only when the temperature of the heat sink requires it, which keeps fan noise to a minimum and helps cut dust accumulation inside. Under extreme thermal load, the fan will force a very large volume of air through the heat sink. If the heat sink gets too hot, its sensing circuit will reduce the output power. If the amplifier overheats, another sensing circuit shuts down its circuit to cut off power until it cools to a safe temperature. The exhaust cooling air is forced out through the rear of the chassis (see figure 1.2.1), so make sure there is enough space around the sides of the amplifier to allow the air to escape. If it is rack mounted, make sure the exhaust air can flow without resistance. If you are using a rack with closed backs, there must be at least one standard rack space of opening in the front of the rack for every four amplifiers. Amplifiers may be stacked directly on top of each other (no space needed between units), starting from the bottom of the rack.

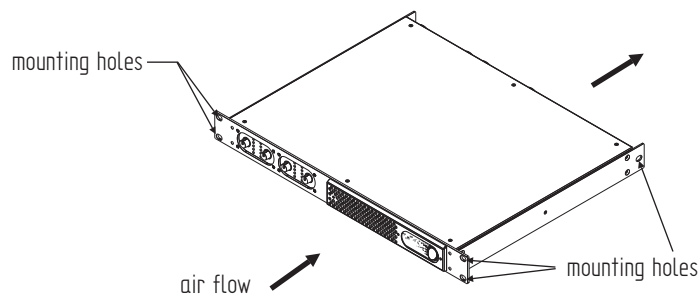


figure 1.2.1

1.3 Operating Precautions

Make sure the AC mains voltage is correct and is the same as that printed on the cover of the amplifier. Damage caused by connecting the amplifier to improper AC voltage is not covered by the warranty. Make sure the power switch is off before making any input or output connections.

It is always a good idea to have the gain controls muted during power-up to prevent speaker damage if there is a high signal level at the inputs.

Whether you buy them or make them, use good-quality input and speaker cables. Most intermittent problems are caused by faulty cables. Use good-quality connectors and wire, along with good soldering technique, to ensure troublefree reliability.

1.4 AC Mains connection

Warning: before connect the mains be sure that the amplifier is set up to the correct mains voltage.

The AC Mains connection is made via the IEC type connector on the rear side of the panel. The figure below shows the connection to the amplifier. Be sure that your AC mains power source has the requirements indicated in this manual. **It is important to connect the ground for safety, do not use adapters that disable the ground.**

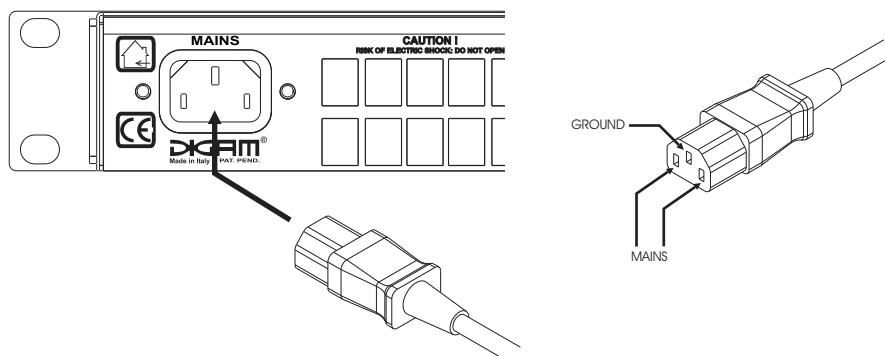


figure 1.4.1

1.5 Building and setting DSP module(s)

Warning: before removing the cover, turn off the power switch and unplug the mains cable.

The Digam L series has optional DSP modules for additional sound effects. To mount or unmount the DSP modules remove the cover; you can mount these modules on the 72-pin SIMM sockets as shown in the figure below.

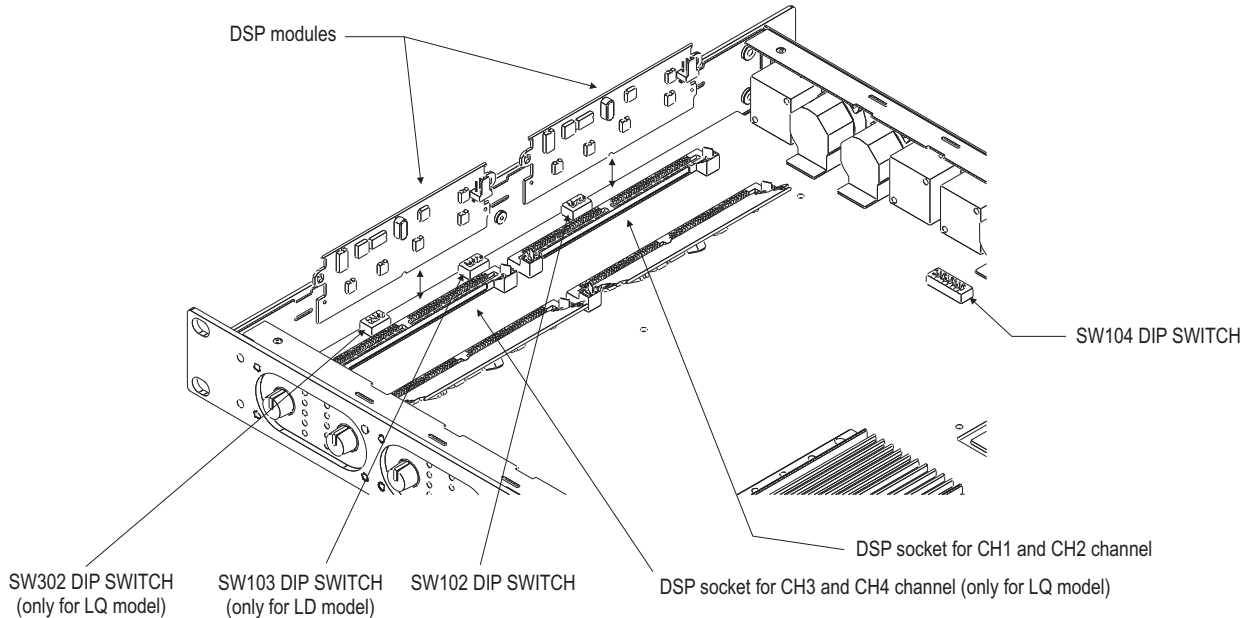


figure 1.5.1

1.6 Mounting DSP module(s)

The correct operations for mounting a DSP module is shown in the figures below; the first operation is to insert the module vertically with the component side shown in the figure 1.6.2 in the caveat of the SIMM socket with a weak pressure, then rotate the module until the fingers have jammed it (figure 1.6.3).

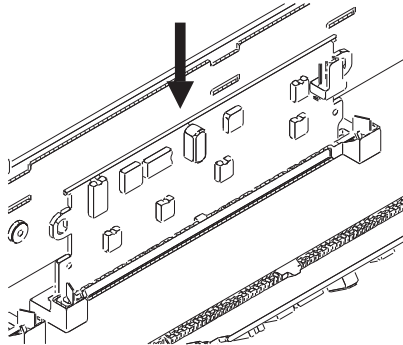


figure 1.6.1

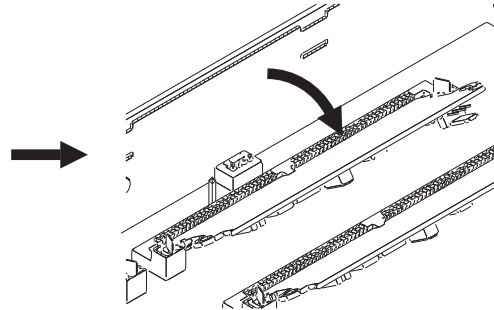


figure 1.6.2

note: if you mount 2 DSP module you must connect the J6 contact and J7 contact at the rear side of the correspondent DSP module (see the figure 1.6.4); the figure 1.6.5 shows the exact point where you must solder the wire. This operation is necessary to synchronize the channels 1-2 with the channels 3,4 sampling clock if the DSP board is a version up to DGMDSPA13; from version 14 there is no need of external sync for the DSP boards

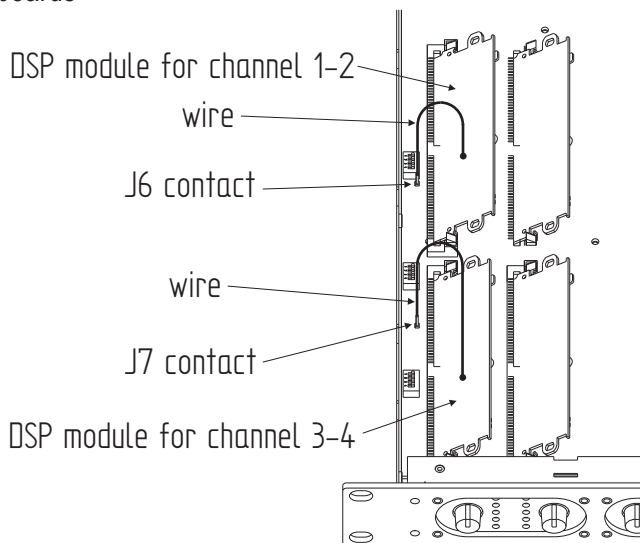


figure 1.6.3

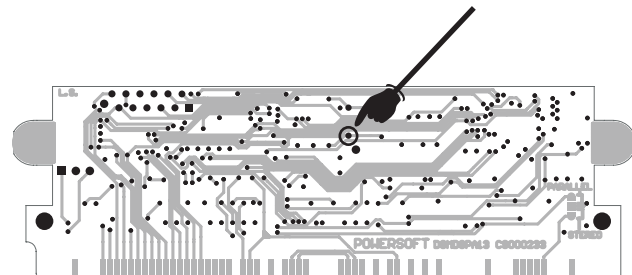


figure 1.6.4

1.7 Removing DSP module(s)

The correct operations for mounting a DSP module is shown in the figures below; first, open the fingers; then rotate the module in the vertical position and extract it.

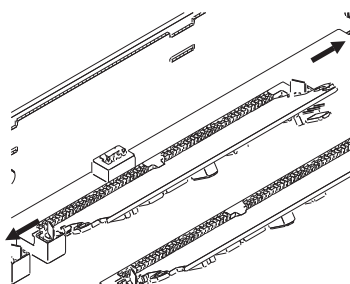


figure 1.7.1

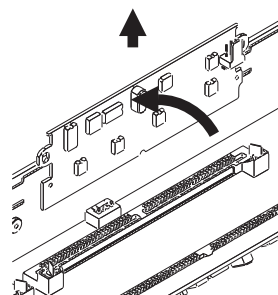


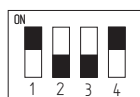
figure 1.7.2

1.8 Dip switch settings

The figure below shows the dip switch settings for any operating mode of the amplifier

DSP NOT INSTALLED

CH1-2



SW102

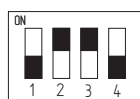
CH3-4(LQ ONLY)



SW302

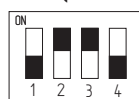
DSP INSTALLED

CH1-2



SW102

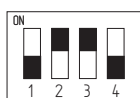
CH3-4(LQ ONLY)



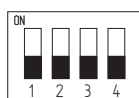
SW302

CH3-4=OUTSUB DSP CH1-2 (LQ ONLY)

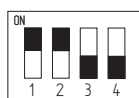
DSP ON CH1 NEEDED



SW102

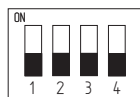


SW302

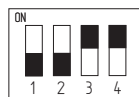


SW103

CH3-4=CH1-2 (LQ ONLY, SET SW102 AS NEEDED FOR DSP INSTALLED OR NOT)

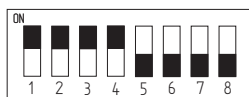


SW302



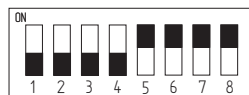
SW103

CN303, CN403 AS SPARE OUTPUTS CH1-2 (LD ONLY)



SW104

CN303, CN403 AS EXTERNAL SUB OUT (LD ONLY, DSP NEEDED)



SW104

figure 1.8.1

1.9 Connecting Inputs. Input connections are made via the 3-pin XLR-male type on the rear side of the amplifier. The connection for "LQ" model (four channels) is shown in figure 1.7.1; on the right side of the figure is shown the polarity of the XLR connector.

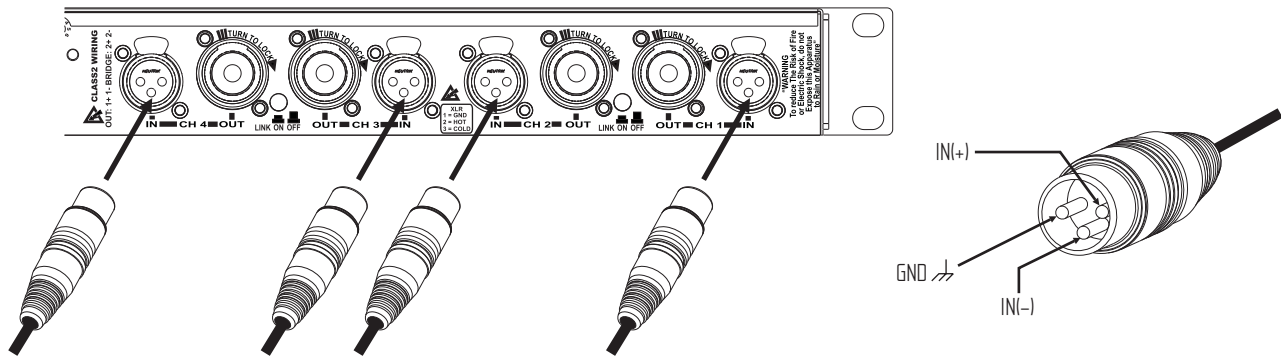


figure 1.9.1

The figure below shows the connection of analog input for balanced and unbalanced line. You can use both configuration, but you must consider that unbalanced long line can introduce noise in the audio system. The Link switch located in the rear panel is for direct paralleling the rear input connectors. You can use the remaining input connector to carry signal to other amps.

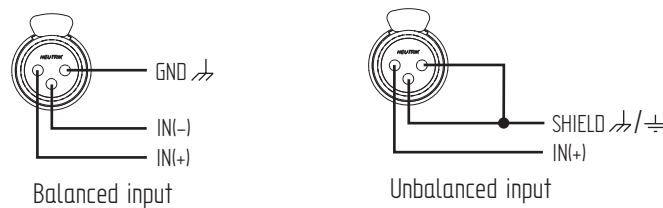


figure 1.9.2

In the "LD" model (two channels) the input connections are in the right side of the panel; the remaining input connections are connected in parallel with the first ones with the default settings and you can use it as input connections with other amplifiers; in the models with DSP built-in (optional), these connectors function as outputs of sub channel of DSP board (see figure 1.7.3).

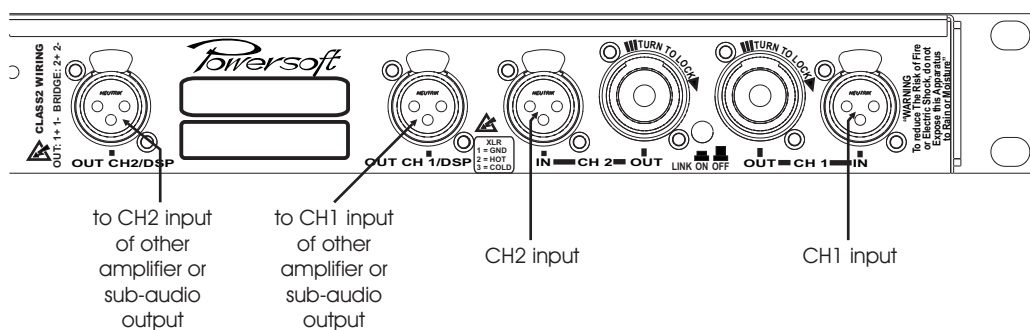


figure 1.9.3

1.10 Connecting Outputs

Warning: there are lethal voltages at the loudspeaker connectors when the amplifier is turned on. To prevent any damages turn the amplifier off before connecting the loudspeaker

Output connectors are made via neutrik speakon connectors. Consult the wire gauge chart to find a suitable wire gauge to minimize power and damping factor losses in the speaker cables. For each device the 1+ pin of speakon connector have to be considered the positive output of the channel; the 1- pin of speakon connector have to be considered the negative output of the channel.

Note: Channel B is always polarity reversed output stage, but polarity compensated by feeding the minus pins of the channel B output with the output voltage. Channel A is connected in the polarity mode. By having channel A and B operating in opposite polarity, the energy storage in the power supply is more efficient. This is significant for signals below 100Hz (sub bass etc.) and improves the power bandwidth. The outputs can also work on bridge mode, see the figure 1.8.2 for the connections in this mode. **Be sure to use balanced inputs on all measurement equipment (also oscilloscope probes) in your testing bench.**

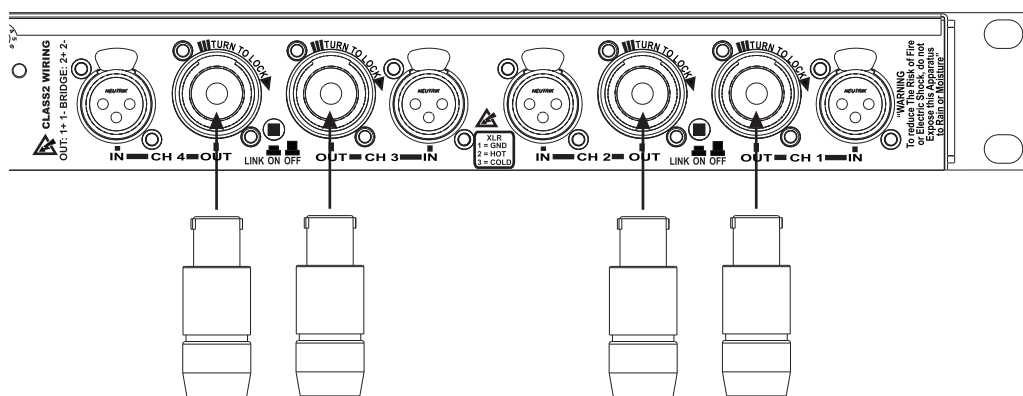


figure 1.10.1

The figure below shows the connection of the speakons to the speakers. Pay attention to the position of the link switch; in stereo mode turn the position to "off", in bridge mode turn to "on" and turn the gain control of each couple of channels at the same level. In bridge mode the dots lines indicate an alternative connection of the speaker.

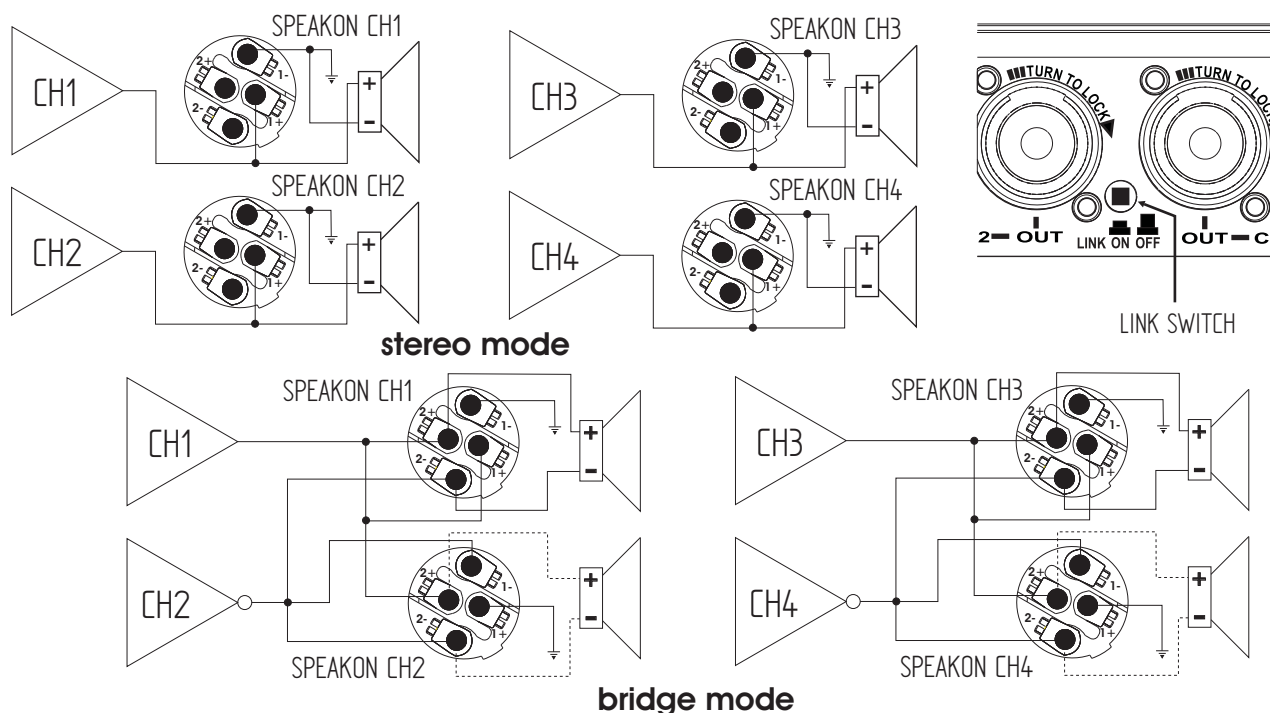
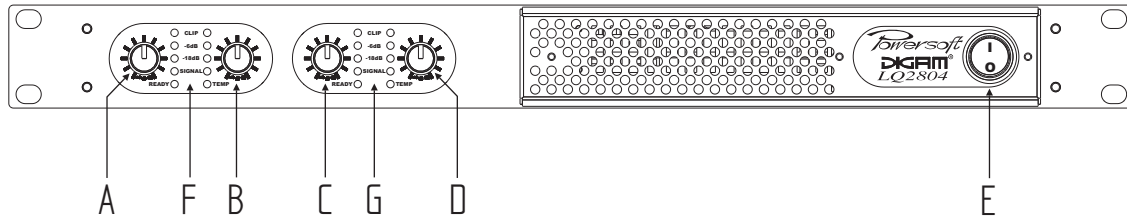


figure 1.10.2

2 Setup and settings

2.1 Introduction

The figure below shows the front panel of DIGAM L Series. The front panel controls and indicators give to the user the total control and detailed information about the status of the amplifier. The gain control use a logarithmic scale from $-\infty$ to $+32\text{dB}$. Read carefully the instructions below that help you to manage the functions of the amplifier.

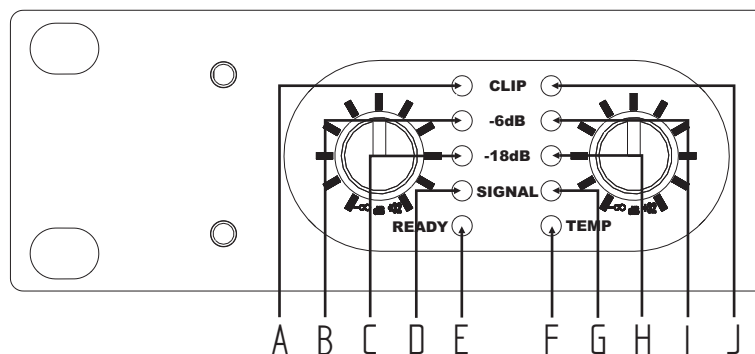


- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| A – Gain control channel 1 | E – Power switch |
| B – Gain control channel 2 | F – LED indicators channel 1 and 2 |
| C – Gain control channel 3* | G – LED indicators channel 3 and 4* |
| D – Gain control channel 4* | |
- * only for "LQ" models

figure 2.1.1

2.2 The LED indicators

The figure below shows the front panel of DIGAM L Series. and refers to a single couple of channels. The clip LED, when lighting, indicates the clipping state for the output stage of the correspondig channel. The signal, -18dB and -6dB LEDs operate as V-meter and the signal LED is lighted when the signal is present in the input stage of the correspondent channel. The "ready" LED, when lighted, indicates that the startup time after power-on is finished and the amplifier is ready to use. The "temp" LED, when lighted, indicates that the output stage of the corresponding channel is reducing the output power due to an over-heated state.



- | | |
|--|--|
| A – Clipping and protection indicator channel 1 (or 3) | F – Over-temperature indicator |
| B – -6dB output level indicator channel 1 (or 3) | G – Signal presence indicator channel 2 (or 4) |
| C – -18dB output level indicator channel 1 (or 3) | H – -18dB output Level indicator channel 2 (or 4) |
| D – signal presence indicator channel 1 (or 3) | I – -6dB output level indicator channel 2 (or 4) |
| E – "Ready" indicator | J – Clipping and protection indicator channel 2 (or 4) |

figure 2.1.2

3 Protection

3.1 Turn-On/Turn-Off muting

For about four seconds after turn-on, and immediately at turn-off, the amplifier outputs are muted.

3.2 Short circuit protection

A short circuit protection system safeguards the amplifier's output transistors under short circuits and other stressful loads. It is completely inaudible when inactive. In case of short circuit, the red LED will be lightened. The amplifier reset protection mode himself with 2 seconds of retry cycle.

3.3 Thermal protection

A DIGAM amplifier uses a continuously variable speed fan to assist cooling (the fan speed changes in response to the amplifier's cooling needs). If the heatsink temperature reaches approximately 75°C, the "TEMP" LED lights up, and the output power is reduced to prevent damages to the output stage. If the temperature is more than 85°C the thermal sensing circuitry will mute each power section channels. Once the heatsink has cooled down, the amplifier will automatically unmute, but the LED will be unlighted at 75°C. It will be possible to reduce the temperature reducing the output power.

3.4 DC fault protection

If DC or excessive subsonic energy appears at a channel output, an instantaneous protection circuit will mute both channels of the amplifier. The amplifier shutdown is used instead off of speaker relays, thereby improving the damping factor and reliability of the DIGAM amplifiers.

3.5 Input/Output protection

An ultrasonic network decouples RF from the outputs and keeps the amplifier stable with reactive loads.

4 User maintenance

4.1 Cleaning

Disconnect the amplifier from the AC main source first; use a soft cloth and mild non-abrasive solution to clean the faceplate and chassis.

4.2 Service

There are no user-serviceable parts in your DIGAM amplifier. Refer servicing to qualified technical personnel. In addition to having an in-house service department, Powersoft supports a network of authorized service centers. If your DIGAM amplifier needs repair, contact your Powersoft dealer or distributor, or contact the Powersoft Technical Service department, to obtain the location of the nearest authorized service center.

4.3 Dust removal

Especially in a dusty environment, the front side filters clog with dust after prolonged use, this will interfere with cooling. You may use compressed air to remove the dust from filters. To remove air filters see fig(4.3.1) , unscrew n°3 M3X6 screws and pull off the covering grill.

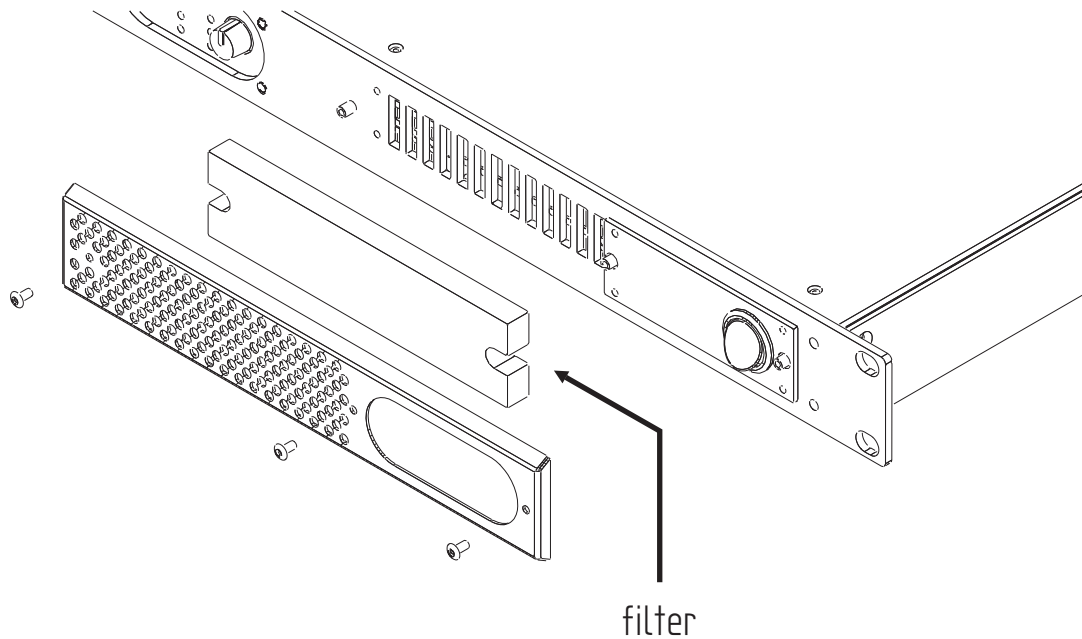


figure 4.3.1

5 Warranty

Powersoft prides itself on the quality and reliability of its products that are designed and manufactured to meet the highest quality standards. We are also proud of the great care we assure to our customers. We are confident that you will never have a need to take advantage of this warranty, but in the unlikely event of a failure or deviation in performance, we'll do our very best to get you swiftly back in business.

Powersoft amplifiers warranty is calculated from the original date of purchase from an Authorized Powersoft Dealer. During this time, if your amplifier fails for any defect in components and/or labour under a correct and regular use, it will be repaired or, at our sole opinion, replaced without any charge a part for the transport expenses to return the unit at Powersoft premises. The repaired/replaced amplifier will be finally returned to you with the original shipping carton at our charge.

The Warranty conditions will not be applied in case the amplifier has been ulteriorly damaged by repair attempts, inadequate or poor packaging, any kind of improper use/maintenance (overvoltage, incorrect connection, use with wrong or faulty associated equipment or accessories, exposure to rigid weather conditions, excess moisture, etc...).

Warranty terms will not be consider for any unit where the serial number has been removed and or it is not clearly readable. Powersoft is not responsible for any incidental or consequential damages; the responsibility is limited to the product itself. Powersoft reserves the right to make changes or improvements in design or manufacturing without assuming any obligation to change or improve product previously manufactured.

6 Assistance

The local Powersoft distributor/reseller will be glad to support you in case of fault or for any additional information. If you cannot contact your local distributor/reseller, please mail to support.audio@powersoft.it

Do not ship any unit to Powersoft for Factory Service before having had the Powersoft authorization.

7 Technical notes

7.1 Block diagram

The figure 7.1.1 shows the amplifier block diagram.

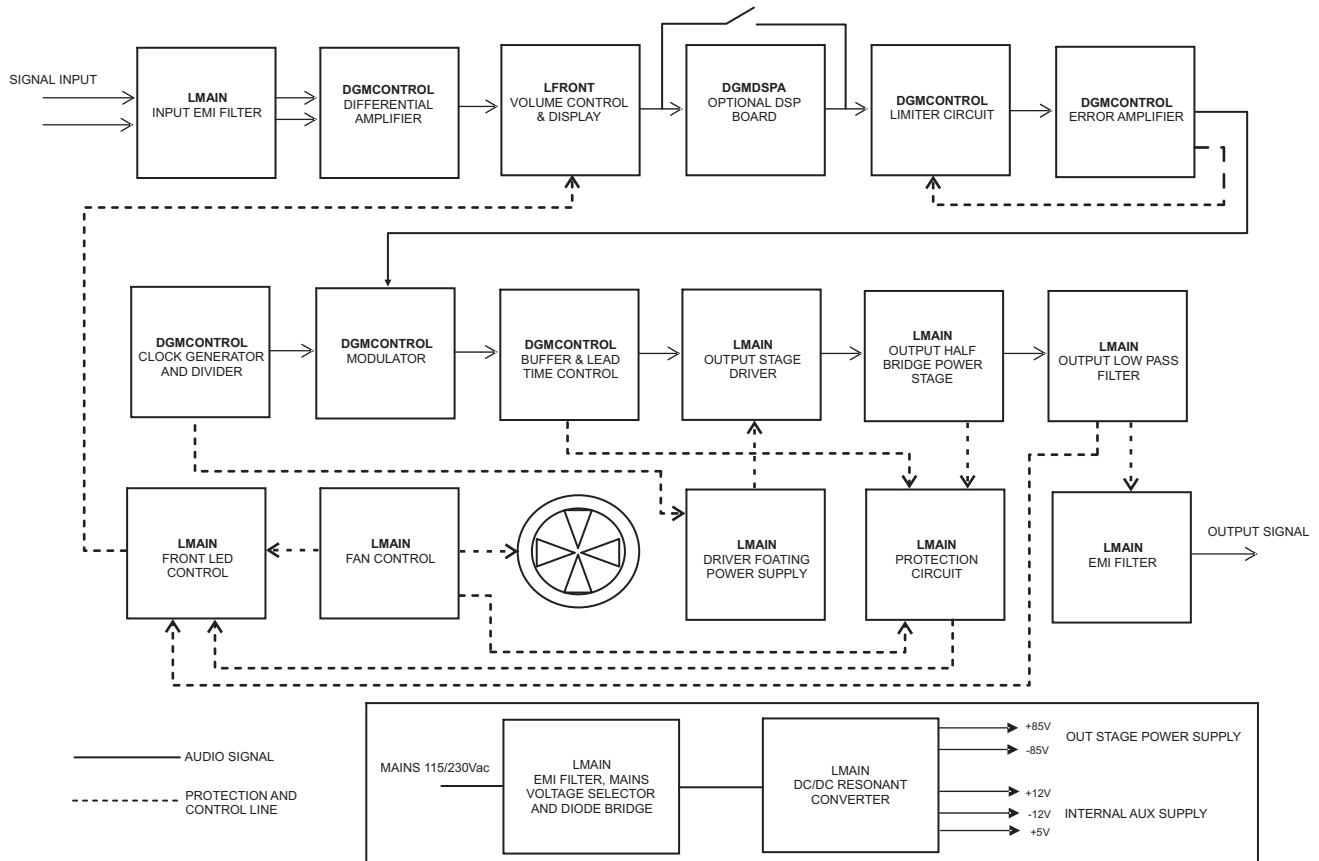


figure 7.1.1

7.2 Technical specifications

POWER REQUIREMENTS

Power supply (LD1404).....	AC 115V or 230V (factory selection), +15 / -25%, 50-60Hz, 400VA
Power supply (LD2004).....	AC 115V or 230V (factory selection), +15 / -25%, 50-60Hz, 600VA
Power supply (LD3004).....	AC 115V or 230V (factory selection), +15 / -25%, 50-60Hz, 800VA
Power supply (LQ2804).....	AC 115V or 230V (factory selection), +15 / -25%, 50-60Hz, 700VA
Operating temperature.....	0°C 45°C
Weight	7.3Kg
External dimensions	Standard rack 19" (W), 1 Units (H), 358 mm (D)

AUDIO SECTION

Bandwidth (1W, 8 ohm)	10Hz-30KHz
Damping factor (8 ohm)	at 100Hz > 200
Slew Rate (8 ohm)	>20V/u s (Input filter bypassed)
S/N ratio	>100 dB/A (20Hz to 20KHz)
Distortion THD, DIM, SMPTE.....	< 0.5% from 1W to full power
Inputs	Balanced to ground, XLR female
Impedance	10Kohm each leg balanced to ground
Gain (LD1404, LQ2804).....	32dB (32,30,28,26,24,22,20,18,14,4,-oo control knob detent selection)
Gain (LD2004, LD3004).....	38dB (36,34,32,30,28,26,24,22,16,6,-oo control knob detent selection)
Outputs.....	Neutrik 4-pole Speakon connectors (pins 1+/1- 2+/2- bridge)

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

Power Watts (EIAJ) per channel (all ch.s driven 1KHz, 1% THD, 115 or 230 V mains)

	2 ohms dual	4 ohms dual/quad	8 ohms dual/quad	4 ohms bridge	8 ohms bridge	16 ohms bridge
LD1404	N.A	2x700W	2x360W	N.A.	1400W	720W
LD2004	2x600W/1800W**	2x1000W	2x600W	1200W/3600W**	2000W	1200W
LD3004	2x900W/2700W**	2x1500W	2x900W	1800W/5400W**	3000W	1800W
LQ2804	N.A	4x700W	4x360W	N.A.	2x1400W	2x720W

**PEAK POWER 10mS

FEATURES

LED bars indicators / Over-temperature forecasting / Thermal protection / Short circuit protection / Over-load output protection / Temperature controlled air cooling system / Clip limiter and permanent signal limiter / Gain control / Auto-reset system / Parallel inputs switch / Input signal presence LED

Options DSP plug-in board / Remote control plug-in board

